

## **Character projection e-beam lithography** for wafer level nano-fabrication

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## Introduction





## LEIBNIZ INSTITUTE of PHOTONIC TECHNOLOGY

The IPHT building on the Beutenberg Campus in Jena (Thuringia)



The main research fields of the Leibniz Institute of Photonic Technology (IPHT)



 $\rightarrow$  Key function between photonis, life and environmental sciences as well as medicine









Key Figures: Employees: 330 Including Doctoral Candidates: 100 ... 44

Publications/Year : ca. 200
General Budget: ca. 21 Mio. €
Incl. Project Funding: ca. 11 Mio. €



#### The basic technologys of the Leibniz IPHT







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#### • Optical fiber technology



#### Micro- and nanotechnology



Optical fiber technology



#### **Optical Fibres for Biophotonics**









Material development and preform production



Fiber drawing



characterization





Fiber probe for medical diagnostics

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#### The cleanroom



The IPHT building on the Beutenberg Campus in Jena (Thuringia)





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## The role of the microfabrication at the IPHT



- Plasmonic substrates for surface enhanced spectroscopy
- Microfluidic devices
- Micro optical devices, optical gratings and planar waveguides

- Radiation detectors (Bolometer, THz-imaging)
- IR-sensors
- SQUID-systems (ultrasensitive magnet field devices)

- Fiber and
- Fiber-endface patterning





## Introduction



#### **Plasmonic devices/metamaterials = subwavelenght pattern**

- For basic research: Large number of different concepts and often with frequently changing layouts
- $\rightarrow$  Need of flexible nanotechnology
- For routine use in our labs and for applications: Sufficient number of test objects, chips etc. for daily use
- → Need of wafer level fabrication (Large pattern areas with a few million nanostructures per mm<sup>2</sup>)

## **E-beam lithography**

C High pattern resolution, flexible <sup>(2)</sup> Time-consuming **serial writing** method







## The write time issue of the electron beam lithography





## Write time issue of the electron beam lithography

#### **High resolution** ullet

- nm-size beam diameter
- Pattern dimension << 100 nm</li>

#### • Time-consuming

Serial writing method: Writing time ~ "Shot number"

#### Gaussian point probe

#### (rectangular) Shaped beam



#### $\rightarrow$ Shot number ~ Degree of the edge decomposition

Pattern-shape



#### Fracturing in rectangular shots



## Write time issue of the electron beam lithography



#### Variable shaped beam with **Character-Projection (CP)**

**Quasi-parallel** Very fast



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#### **E-beam lithography with Character Projection as enabler:**

## Nanodevices on wafer level





## E-beam lithography: SB350OS with Character Projection (CP)





Courtesy of IOF Jena

#### Character aperture stage

- **Principle:** •
- Beam energy:

Vistec\* SB350 OS

- **Resolution:**  $\bullet$
- Wafer size: ullet
- Location: ۲

- Variable shaped beam,
- 50 keV,
- 65 nm node,
- up to 300 mm

Cleanroom IOF Jena, sharing IAP, IOF and IPHT



\* Vistec Electron Beam GmbH Jena

#### Multi-stencil wafer with characters



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## SB350 OS with CP: > 500 types of characters



A selection out of the > 500 types of characters (the pictures show realized structures)

U. Hübner et al., Proc. SPIE 9231, 30th EMLC, 92310E (2014)

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#### **E-beam lithography with Character Projection as enabler:**

## Write time benefit





## SB350 OS with CP: Write time benefit

6" NIL-master: 10 x 10 cm<sup>2</sup> 1d-grating lacksquare



#### 150 mm Si Wafer with 10 x 10 cm<sup>2</sup> grating area (pitch 200 nm)

\*estimated for a SEM with write unit, beam current 100pA, step size 10 nm, dose 400  $\mu$ C/cm<sup>2</sup>



12 h

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## SB350 OS with CP: Write time benefit

**2d-Quartz-gratings as template for SERS-substrates** ullet





#### Writing time

Gaußbeam-tool: SB350 in VSB-mo SB350 in CP-mod

4" Quartz-wafer with ~ 550 mm<sup>2</sup> nanogratings for SERS (2D-gratings, Pitch: 250 nm)



	86 days*
de:	60 h
e:	3 h



## SB350 OS with CP: Write time benefit

• Gold-bowtie-gratings as template for SERS



4" (100 mm) Si wafer with 15 hexagonal Bowtie-gratings (each 1 x 1 cm<sup>2</sup>, pitch 400 nm, lift-off-process, Gold on Si)

# PHT LE

#### Writing time

Total grating area:

VSB-mode:

CP-mode:



15 cm<sup>2</sup> 17 days **3,3 h →** 4,5 cm<sup>2</sup>/h



## **E-beam lithography with Character Projection as enabler:**

## High quality – line with control and proximity correction





## SB350 OS with CP: Line-width-control and proximity-correction

**Electron dose based line-width control** 



The SEM-pictures show the line-width control by changing the exposure dose (negative resist).



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## SB350 OS with CP: Line-width-control and proximity-correction

All patterns which are included in the hard coded character will get the same electron dose.

Short range dose correction •

 $\rightarrow$  Geometrical pre-corrected character layouts



Character layout

Lifted gold dots







## SB350 OS with CP: Line-width-control and proximity-correction

All patterns which are included in the hard coded character will get the same electron dose.



#### **E-beam lithography with Character Projection as enabler:**

## **High flexibility: Combination of VSB- and CP-mode Mix of different technologies**







150 mm Si Wafer with 23 cm<sup>2</sup> grating area (pitch 200 nm)

\*calculated

20 days \* SB350 in VSB-mode: SB350 in CP-mode: 5 h



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## SB350 OS with CP: Combination with MEMS-technology





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#### **Summary**

- **CP + VSB e-beam technology** 
  - $\rightarrow$  Strong reduction of writing time
  - → Top-down **nanofabrication on wafer level**
- **Combination** of waferscale nanopatterning with MEMS methods  $\rightarrow$ Great potential by mixing different technologies

**Open for cooperation** 





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